<u>or families</u> n'h woonkes **Bronze**

Welcome to IMMA the Irish Museum of Modern Art.

Here is a map of the IMMA gardens and meadows All of the artworks shown on this map are made of bronze. Bronze is a mixture of copper and tin. It is a hard metal that usually has a brown colour. Thousands of years ago, when human beings first made bronze, it was an important invention. People could use bronze to make better tools and weapons. Today, bronze is still used by artists to make statues and sculptures. In some sports, like running or swimming, the person who comes in third place gets a bronze medal. What type of medal is for second place? What type of medal is for first?

Remember when you're outdoors at IMMA:

 Look left and right before crossing the roads. Watch out for bicycles, cars and vans at all times.

 Don't touch the artworks. Even though the artworks are made to be outside in sun and rain, they can be damaged over time by repeated contact with hands.

There is a bronze sculpture in the nond in the garden. Walk around the pond and look at the

sculpture from different directions. Does it remind you of something? You may have watched wax running down the side of a lighted candle and seen the shapes that it made. Or did you ever see pictures of lava flowing from a volcano and of the rocks that form when it cools? Artist Lynda Benglis called the sculpture North South East West. Can you see why?

The artist Catherine Lee made this bronze sculpture. It is called SENTINEL VIII. A sentinel is

a sentry, a guard or a lookout. Why do you think this sculpture is called 'sentinel'? Catherine Lee is also interested in the tall stones that can be found in the Scottish countryside. sometimes alone, sometimes standina in circles or lines. We don't know who put up these stones in this way, but we do know somebody did, a long, long time ago. These standing stones tell us somebody was here before us.

Imagine making a snowman. For the head and body, you could put a bia snowball on top of one or two bigger snowballs. For the snowman's front, what would you use to make his face and clothes? Now look at this sculpture called Back of Snowman. When you walk around the sculpture, you can never find the front of the snowman. A snowman soon melts away in warmer weather. But this snowman sculpture is made

from bronze. It might last for

thousands of years.

Entrance & Galleries .

Bicycl Rack

Look at this statue of a woman called Eve. She is holdina out a large apple. It is a generous gift.

The artist who made this sculpture, Edward Delanev, lived in Germany for a few years after World War II ended. All around there was destruction and sadness. The artist saw exhausted women on a bench looking for help. He wanted to make statues in memory of them. He wanted to make these statues show that life goes on in spite of suffering.

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1 Edward Delanev Eve With Apple, 1958 Bronze, unique, 95 x 27 x 32 cm, Collection IMMA, 107 x 53 cm Gift of Jack and Agnes Toohey, 2009, Restored with the support of The Heritage Council and The Goethe Institute

2 Gary Hume 3 Catherine Lee SENTINEL VIII, 1999 Back of Snowman, 2003 Bronze and crayon, 153 Cast bronze with patination, freestanding Collection IMMA vith stainless steel plate Purchase, 2005 & rod 244 x 114 x 20 cm Donation, Sean Scully, 2005

4 Lynda Benalis North South East West, 2009 Cast bronze fountain and steel 167.6 x 467.4 x 467.4 cm, Edition 1/3, Courtesy of the artist and Cheim and Read, New York, Long Term Loan, 2009

5 Tony Cragg Untitled, 1988 Bronze, 210 x 210 x 285 cm, Collection IMMA, Loan, Weltkunst Foundation, 1994

6 Barry Flanagar The Drummer, 1996 Bronze, edition of 5, 483 x 185 x 316 cm, Collection IMMA, Donated by the artist 2001

door, look for a cannon. You will also see barrels and cannon balls.

Hundreds of years ago, cannons were made of bronze. At that time, bells, too, were made of bronze When there was a war, some bells were melted down and made into cannons. And when there was peace some cannons were melted down and made into bells. You can see a real bell, called Burgoyne's Bell, on the way downstairs to the café

In the arch, over the

Look at both sides of this sculpture. On one side, this sculpture looks like a bottle or a iar that you might find in a scientist's laboratory. On the other side, there is big curve that swoops around from the top down to the ground. Look at the sculpture from the front: you can see inside. It is hollow and empty. This sculpture's shape looks verv different depending on where you are standing.

Here is a sculpture of a tall hare called The Drummer. hare, and not a rabbit, because he has long ears and long legs. It looks like he's skipping up a hill on his wibbly-wobbly legs. Maybe he wants us to follow him, dancing to his

We know he's a beat. There is an old English savina, 'As mad as a March hare'. In old Irish stories the hare is a magical animal. Do you think this drummer hare is mad or magical?